# taxes and business chores / overview

For the Launch • Class 2 • November 7, 2022 • Jenny Girl Friday

## Be a Great Boss, set yourself up for success

- \_\_\_\_ Add Important Dates to your calendar
- \_\_\_\_ Decide on work times \_\_\_\_\_ before due date OR every \_\_\_\_\_
- \_\_\_\_ Identify help/resources \_\_\_\_
- \_\_\_\_ Create a great environment for doing this stuff \_\_\_\_\_
- \_\_\_\_ Give reward / pair with nourishing activities \_\_\_\_\_

## Context / Perspectives

- Gets easier over time
- Crazy, bizarro system –

So, create your own map AND be nice to yourself No detail is hard, it's just hard keeping concepts straight, and remembering to do them Normal to get triggered, feel anxious or worried

When you tame this chaos, you will feel SO PROUD, and EMPOWERED!

## 4 Levels of Government

#### Quick tour, so we can:

Compare and contrast, get a framework See the pitfalls, start thinking of strategies

#### Types of tax

B&O Tax	(Seattle + WA)
Property Tax	(King County)
Income + Self-Employment Tax	(IRS)

#### Renewals

Seattle business license	(Seattle)
PLLC	(WA – Secretary of State)
Professional license	(WA – Dept. of Health)

Nothing needed for: WA State Business License IRS

#### **On-Going and Paperwork for the IRS**

Send Estimated Quarterly Tax Payments (EQ\$) to the IRS Work with w-9 forms Fill out 1099-NEC forms, if required

## **Tax Reporting**

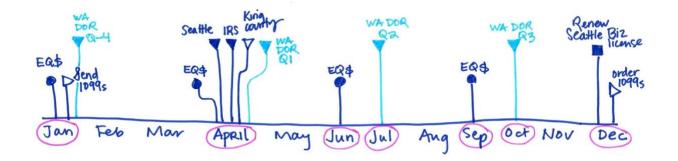
<u>Must file report, even if you don't owe any tax:</u> Seattle King County WA State Only file, if you owe tax: IRS

## Important Dates

## If you file ANNUALLY in WA State



If you file QUARTERLY in WA State



## Closing Thoughts (return here at the end)

🖙 You can do this.

If you want to outsource some or all of it, that's totally fine. It is still important to understand the basics, so you can communicate with who's working for you.

Even if you hire an accountant, you'll still need to provide the numbers.

Put time in your calendar for this – during the work week. These are part of your unbillable hours, that need to be covered pay-wise, by your billable.

To thrive, we need to understand our money. To understand our money, we need to understand taxes.

Embracing this work is part of staying in business. Embracing this work will take away the fear, and empower you in many ways. Embracing this work will change your life!

## Details + how-tos

## Estimated Quarterly Tax Payments (EQ\$) to the IRS

The IRS is a pay-as-you-go tax system.

They ask us to send in tax payment throughout the year, then file as normal by April Filing is a *true-up* time

With EQ\$, we are sending in payments ... (not making reports)
The due dates are Apr 15, Jun 15, Sep 15, Jan 15
We're required to send in at least 85% / 90% of our tax bill before filing If we don't, there will be a penalty ... usually not too bad
3 Methods of calculating
How to send in

## Renewals

## Seattle Business License

Also called "Seattle Business License Tax Certificate" Use FileLocal-wa.gov Cost is \$65 if you gross under \$20K Cost is \$132 if you gross over \$20K+ Due – Every year, Dec. 31 Grace period – until Jan 31 If you need help, call the city at 206.684.8484 Do NOT call the number on the FileLocal website

## PLLC with WA - Secretary of State

Called, filing your "Annual Report" Keeps your entity alive. No number reporting, just confirming name and contact information for the various roles. Go to sos.wa.gov Find the CCFS system – Corporations and Charities Filing System Log in, and navigate to the "Annual Report" section. Follow prompts. Cost is usually \$60 per year Due – Anniversary month when it was formed If you need help, call the Secretary of State at 360.725.0377

## File Taxes

#### Seattle

IF you had a business license with Seattle for the prior year Log into FileLocal-wa.gov Report these numbers in the Services Section: Gross Sales – Worldwide Gross Sales – Inside of Seattle If you gross over \$100K inside of Seattle, pay B&O taxes. For 2023, it's 0.427%. Due April 30th

#### King County

Use the e-Listing service on kingcounty.gov/depts/assessor.aspx Report the value of your business property (what your business owns), and Monthly supply cost Pay taxes if you earn over \$7500 Due on April 30<sup>th</sup> If you need help, call 206.296.5126

#### WA State

IF you had a business license with WA for the prior year Go to MYDOR on the dor.wa.gov site

Log in, report your Gross Sales in the category:

"Service and Other Activities; Gambling Contests of Chance (less than \$50,000 per year)"

You will receive a tax credit to cover all or part of your tax bill.

If you gross under about \$65K, then your credit will cover all of it.

Above that, the credit starts to become smaller, and phases out about \$110K.

The B&O tax rate is 1.5% for service

Due: If filing Annually – April 15th

If filing Quarterly – April 30th, July 31st, October 31st, January 31st

If you need help, call 360.705.6705

#### **IRS** Taxes

If you're filing as a single-member PLLC / LLC as a sole prop, or if your business is a sole prop: Good news!

Your business does NOT pay taxes to the IRS

Your business does NOT file an additional form

You simply add a few pages to your standard, personal 1040 form

If you file as an S-Corp, things will be a little more complex

Filing method – you choose!

Can be online via TurboTax, H&R Block, Free Tax, or another portal

Or, with an accountant, tax preparer

Or, paper (not recommended)

To file, you'll need the following:

Any 1099 forms you received

Your income record

Expenses by category – standard, shared use, and special (mileage, home office) Any EQ\$ that you've sent in

## 1099-NEC + w-9 Forms

These are required if you work as an Independent Contractor for another business/organization. OR, if you hire an independent contractor. It's about tracking when someone gets paid. For the IRS / These two forms work together.

1099-NEC is part of a family of 1099 forms.

They are used whenever someone receives money, not as wage. 1099-INT – for bank interest 1099-R – for retirement disbursement 1099-DIV – for dividends 1099-MISC – miscellaneous. These are still used for very specific situations.

## w-9 form

A simple form ... to basically track the tax ID number for a person or business. It contains name, contact info, business entity type, and either an SSN, or EIN It is used to provide a tax ID – so that a Payer can make reports to the IRS, and to the Payee (for the purpose of tax reporting)

## 1099-NEC form

A paper trail, whenever an individual or independent contractor gets paid for Services. It contains the Payer info, the Payee info, how much they got paid.

## Example

Let's say you work as Adjunct Faculty for your alma mater. They pay you \$3000 for the gig. They will ask you for a w-9 when they hire you. This is so they can send a 1099-NEC to the IRS, saying they paid you. They will send you a 1099-NEC, so you have the numbers

## When are 1099-NECs required?

IF you:

Pay an independent contractor, over \$600 Within a calendar year For service work

This might be: Supervisor, Business Coach, Accountant, Lawyer, Designer

If you hire someone: Immediately ask for their w-9, as soon as you make the agreement Keep this on file IF you pay them over \$600 in a calendar year for services ... Fill out a 1099-NEC form – before January 31 st

If someone hires you: They will ask for a w-9 form, feel free to proactively offer Use your EIN, to protect your privacy They will send you a 1099-NEC form by January 31st Report these earnings as part of your Income